Numb. 6556

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday February 14. to Saturday February 18. 1726.

St. James's, February 16.

THIS Day the following Addreſs from the City of Edinburgh was preſented to His Majeſty by John Campbell, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and Patrick Lindſay, Eſq; one of their Magiſtrates, introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

YOUR Majeſty's paternal Care of your People in your Concern for the Honour and Rights of the Crown of Great Britain, and the juſt and neceſſary Meaſures taken to defend us againſt a Combination of ſome of the chief Powers of Europe, is a Sequel of thoſe Bleſſings we have enjoyed ever ſince your Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Crown.

However great the Infatuation of thoſe Courts does now appear, who had been taught to believe, That this Nation was either unable or unwilling to ſupport your Majeſty's Counſels in Defence of all that is dear to us; thoſe Dangers which are at preſent inconſiderable, have become ſo only, ſince the prudent Precautions were taken to defeat the Schemes laid againſt us.

If your Majeſty by your great Vigilance had not diſcovered the ſecret Deſigns formed by your Enemies, or had remained a Spectator only of them, Ingratitude and Violation of publick Faith would have been attended with Proſperity; and this Kingdom, form'd by Nature of all others the moſt ſecure, would (when undefended) have become an eaſy Prey to that Ambition we may now juſtly contemn.

It is but a few Years ſince ſome of our Fellow-Subjects, weary of their Religion and Liberty, by a deſperate Rebellion, involved their Country in a Scene of Blood and Confuſion; fighting in a Cauſe, where if Victors they muſt have become Slaves, and where their Happineſs depended upon their being overcome: The Almighty Providence, propitious to great and good Princes, ſoon diſperſed that Storm, but with the Sacrifice of many Lives, and all the Calamities that attend a Civil War. Your Majeſty's Succeſs will be now more glorious, and far more agreeable to a Royal Mind; the rendering your Enemies uncapable of diſturbing your Government, and compelling them to enjoy the happy Fruits of Peace, which they neither merit nor deſire, will be a more noble Event in the Hiſtory of your Majeſty's Reign, than the moſt ſplendid Triumph over them.

As the preſent Defenſive Meaſures, and the happy Conſequences of them, muſt fill the Hearts of all your Majeſty's faithful Subjects with the greateſt Joy and Satisfaction, ſo they will raiſe in thoſe who are diſaffected to your Perſon and Government the utmoſt Rage and Deſpair; they will find their ſecret Practices expoſed, and the laſt Hopes of their dying Cauſe become vain and imaginary; they will calumniate your Servants, for their Fidelity to your Majeſty and the immediate Intereſts of Great Britain; they will inveigh againſt the employing of your Fleet, and ſtrengthening your Army, becauſe at this critical Juncture they are neceſſary for the publick Safety; they will date their Averſion to one great Power abroad from the Time it became under ſolemn Engagements to aſſiſt us, and their Affection to another from its Breach of Treaties, Acts of the higheſt Ingratitude, and ſecret Combination to attempt the Deſtruction of the Proteſtant Succeſſion.

Theſe are the Sentiments, we, as Proteſtants and as Freemen, do abhor; and hope your Majeſty may long enjoy this Crown as the greateſt Bleſſing to your People, and Comfort to all the Princes abroad, who, content with their own Dominions, deſire the Peace of Europe.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

Your Majeſty's moſt humble and moſt obedient Subjects and Servants.

Sign'd in Preſence and by Appointment of the Magiſtrates and Council, by

Geo. Drummond, *Provoſt.*

Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly, and the two Gentlemen who preſented it had the Honour of kiſſing His Majeſty's Hand.

The following humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bayliffs, and Commonalty of the City of Wincheſter, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord William Powlett, and George Rodney Bridges Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and James Croſſe, Eſq; Recorder of the ſaid City, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State. Which Addreſs

Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of your Majeſty's ancient and loyal City of Wincheſter.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, do humbly beg Leave to return your Majeſty our unfeigned Thanks for the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your wiſe and glorious Adminiſtration.

When we ſee one Prince (from whom we might have expected better Returns) invading the Trade of this Nation in its moſt valuable Branches, and another endeavouring to wreſt out of your Majeſty's Hands the Fortreſs of Gibraltar and the Iſland of Minorca, which were the only Advantages this Nation reaped after a long bloody and ſucceſsful War, it fills our Hearts with the warmeſt Reſentment and Indignation againſt the Authors of ſuch deſtructive Schemes.

We beg Leave to expreſs our utmoſt Deteſtation of the Pretender and all his Abettors, and think that this Nation can never be ſo far infatuated, as to exchange our Reformed Religion and Engliſh Liberty for Popery and Slavery.

We rely on your Majeſty, under God's Providence, for our Safety and Protection; and do not doubt but that your Majeſty, either by the Wiſdom of your Counſels, or by the Force of your Arms, will ſoon bring to Reaſon theſe great Diſturbers of the Peace and Liberty of Europe.

Given under our common Seal this Thirteenth Day of February, One Thouſand Seven Hundred Twenty Six, and in the Thirteenth Year of your Majeſty's happy Reign over us.

The following humble Addreſs of the Portreeve, Bayliff, and other chief Inhabitants of the Borough of Honiton, in the County of Devon, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir William Yonge, and Sir William Poole, their Repreſentatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State. Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Portreeve, Bayliff, and other chief Inhabitants of the Borough of Honiton, in the County of Devon.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WHEN we reflect on the great Services done by this Nation for his preſent Imperial Majeſty (recent in the Memory of every Perſon) we cannot ſufficiently expreſs our Indignation at his ungrateful Return, in taking Meaſures with the King of Spain, in favour of the Pretender (ſo obnoxious to this Nation) againſt the beſt of Kings, who has, and juſtly merits, the Love and Affections of all his People; and in ſtriking openly himſelf at one Part of our Trade, and in joyning with the King of Spain to take from us Gibraltar and Port Mahon (and conſequently the other moſt valuable Part of it,) which is the Prop and Support of this Iſland.

We are truly ſenſible that nothing could have ſtopt their deſperate Deſigns againſt your Majeſty and Kingdoms, but a timely Equipment of your Naval Force, and employing and dividing it in ſuch a prudent Manner, as your Majeſty, out of your great Wiſdom hath done; and we hope that ſuch your Majeſty's Strength by Sea, and your fine Troops by Land, in Conjunction with your Allies, will make thoſe feel the direful Effects of diſturbing unjuſtly the Peace and Tranquility of Europe, contrary to Treaties, and in manifeſt Violation of publick Faith, ſo as the remaining Part of your Majeſty's Reign may be crowned with Glory, Peace, and Plenty. And we humbly crave leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will, according to our ſeveral Capacities, not only moſt cheerfully and readily contribute to enable your Majeſty to ſhew a Reſentment for any Injuries done or Indignity offered, but will readily Sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in Defence of your ſacred Perſon and Government, againſt thoſe in Confederacy againſt it, and all others that ſhall attempt to diſturb it, as we are,

Great Sir,

Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

Madrid, Feb. 10, *N. S.* On the 6th Inſtant this Court received an Expreſs from the Marqueſs de Pozobueno, with Advice of his being arrived at Calais, and that he was proceeding to Bruſſels. The Duke of Wharton has left Valencia, in order to go to the Spaniſh Camp before Gibraltar, to ſerve there as a Voluntier. Orders have been ſent by Don Joſeph Patinno to the Intendant at Barcelona, to direct the tranſporting to St. Feliou, with all poſſible Expedition, all the Timber which was felled in the Year 1720 in the Mountains of Catalonia; which is to be done by Wheel Carriage, in order to build two Men of War at the ſaid St. Feliou a Sea-Port near Barcelona and a convenient Dock, where formerly ſome Ships have been built. He has alſo ſent Orders to St. Andero and other Ports of Biſcay, to embark Quantities of Timber, and to ſend it to Cadiz; where he pretends to build Ships with more Security than can be done in the ſaid Ports, if a War ſhould be declared. Letters from Cadiz of the 4th Inſtant relate, that two Batallions were gone from that Garriſon to the Spaniſh Camp at Gibraltar, and that only four Battallions remained: Which not being ſufficient even to mount the uſual Guards of the Place, gave the Inhabitants great Uneaſineſs; that ſeveral ſmall Veſſels and Boats had been preſſed there, and at Port St. Mary and St. Lucar, (ſome of which had been firſt obliged to unlade their Goods,) and employed for tranſporting military Stores to the ſaid Camp. That four Fire-Ships were getting ready in the Port of Cadiz, ſuppoſed to be deſigned to be

be employed in the Siege of Gibraltar; that three Men of War, one of 70 and two of 50 Guns each, were expected there from St. Andero; and that the Communication with Gibraltar was intirely cut off. Letters of the 2d Instant from the Spanish Camp at Gibraltar advise, that all the Troops are encamped in Form within half a League of that Place; that some Artillery from Cadiz by Land was arrived, and that the rest was expected in a few Days; after the Arrival of which the Orders would be given by the General for opening the Trenches; that there is a great Desertion among the Spanish Troops, which has diminished a considerable Part of their Army; but that the Governour of Gibraltar had not yet admitted into the Town any of those Deserters; that the said Troops suffer very much from the rainy Weather and Cold, and for want of Money and other Necessaries; and that a Battery of some Iron Cannon has been erected in the Island near Algezira, to protect upon that Side of the Bay the small Vessels and Boats which bring the Provisions and Stores.

St. James's, February 17.

On the 14th Instant his Excellency Mahomet Ben Ali Abogli, Ambassadour from the Emperour of Morocco, had a private Audience of Leave of His Majesty, to which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcastle one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

He was afterwards introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies to private Audiences of Leave of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, in their respective Apartments at Leicester-House.

On the 15th, he was introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies to his private Audience of Leave of their Royal Highnesses the young Princesses.

Whitehall, Feb. 11, 1726-7.

Whereas it has been represented to His Majesty, that upon the landing of Colonel Pocock's, Lord Tyrawley's, Colonel Murray's, and Colonel Grove's Regiments of Foot from Ireland at Bristol, several privatt Soldiers who had formerly deserted from some of the Regiments in Great-Britain, and inlisted themselves in the aforesaid four Regiments, were claimed by their Officers as Deserters from them; and that probably divers Deserters from the Regiments in Great Britain may have since entered themselves in one or other of the four Regiments above-mentioned, and may be also demanded by their Officers from whom they have deserted: In order therefore to prevent Disputes that may arise upon this Occasion, His Majesty is graciously pleased hereby to grant His Pardon to all such Soldiers who may have deserted in the Manner as aforesaid, before the 1st Day of this Instant February inclusive, and who are now in any of the four Regiments above-mentioned, or in any of them in Great Britain: And likewise to declare, that it is His Royal Intention they shall continue in His Service as they now are, without being molested or claimed by the Officers of the respective Corps to whom they did formerly belong.

H. Pelham.

A General Quarterly Court of the Governours of the Bounty of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, will be held at the New Building adjoining to the Banquetting-House at Whitehall, on Monday the 6th Day of March, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon.

The Court of Directors of the Bank of England give Notice, That the Transfer Books for Bank Stock will be shut from Tuesday the 7th of March next, until Friday the 14th of April following.

Trustees Office, South-Sea-House, Jan. 13, 1726.

The Trustees appointed by Act of Parliament for Sale of the Estates of the late Directors of the South-Sea Company, and others, give Notice, That they intend to expose to Sale by Cant or Auction, to the best Bidder, in the Hall of the South-Sea-House, on Wednesday the 22d of February next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, the several Estates following, viz. Several Leasehold Houses at Limehouse, in the County of Middlesex, late the Estate of Hugh Raymond, Esq; (one of the said late Directors). Several Houses in Lyme Regis, in the County of Dorset, a Freehold Estate at Sandherst, in the County of Gloucester, a Freehold Farm at Down Hatherly, in the same County, a Freehold Estate in the Parish of Twening and Myth, in the same County, and a Meadow called Monk Mead, in the said Parish of Twening, in the same County, and several Leasehold Houses in Charles-street, in the Parish of St. James, in the City of Westminster, late the Estates of Mr. Robert Surman, late Deputy Cashire of the South-Sea-Company. Particulars of the said Estates may be had at the Trustees said Office.

Charitable Corporation House, Spring-Garden, Feb. 14, 1726-7.

The Court of Committee of the Charitable Corporation for Relief of Industrious Poor, &c. hereby give Notice, that pursuant to a Resolution of the General Court of the said Corporation held the 25th of October last, the Transfer Books will be shut from and after Thursday, the 2d Day of March next, and to remain shut for 10 Days; and that each Person at the shutting of the said Books entitled to any Share or Proportion in the Fund upon which the three first Payments of 1 l. 5 s. each are made, is, according to such respective Proportion, at Liberty to pay into the Fund of this Corporation the last Payment, being 1 l. 5 s. per Share on each 20 l. Share, as the Nominal Stock of this Corporation then stood divided; and that the said Payment is to be made to the Cashire at the House in Fenchurch-street, within six Days after the said shutting, and that in Default of such Payment, the Committee within the next four Days are to appoint the Persons who shall pay in upon each respective Default. And they further give Notice, that Attendance is given every Day, Sundays and other Holidays excepted, at their said House in Spring-Garden, to lend small Sums of Ten Pounds and under, to Industrious Poor, upon Pledges.

Advertisements.

On Monday next will be Published,

*** Directions given to the Clergy of the Diocese of London, in the Year 1724. To which are now added, Directions, given to the Masters and Mistresses of the Charity-Schools within the Bills of Mortality, and Diocese of London, assembled for that Purpose in the Chapter-House of St. Paul's, Nov. 14, 1724. By the Right Reverend Father in God, Edmund Lord Bishop of London. The Second Edition. Printed by S Buckley in Amen-Corner; and sold by J. Roberts in Warwick-Lane. Price 1 s. 6 d.

TO be sold before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, in pursuance of a Decree of the said Court, a Messuage, with a Malting Office, Dove-coat, and other the Appurtenances, with four Cottages, in Deeping Gate and Maxy, in the County of Northampton; and two Cottages, with Lands and Common thereto belonging, in Deeping St. James, in the County of Lincoln. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's-Inn.

TO be sold peremptorily, to the best Bidder, before John Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, pursuant to a Decree of the said Court, on Thursday the 2d Day of March next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, in three Parcels, viz. First, the Mannor of Alvington, in the Parish of Brympton; Secondly, the Estate and Mansion-House of Brympton, being a noble large Seat, situate in the Parish of Brympton and Westcoker; Thirdly, the perpetual Advowson of the Rectory of Brympton; all which are lying near Yeovill, in the County of Somerset, and were late the Estate of Sir Philip Sydenham, Bart. Particulars of each Parcel, together with a Print of the said House and Lands, may be had at the said Master's House in Chancery-lane.